



## OPTISENS PH 8300 Technical Datasheet

### pH sensor

- High quality and precise glass sensor for usage in water and waste water analysis
- Special sensor design for harsh applications
- Low maintenance costs and a long life cycle

The documentation is only complete when used in combination with the relevant documentation for the signal converter.

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## 1.1 pH sensor for water applications

The **OPTISENS PH 8300** sensor is characterised by standardised design, easy handling and a long life cycle. In combination with the MAC 100 signal converter it is possible to create an extremely reliable and low-cost measurement system, which is suitable for a wide range of water analysis measurement tasks.

Designed as combined electrodes with built-in reference electrode the **OPTISENS PH 8300** is available equipped with PTFE diaphragms and as an option with integrated temperature sensor Pt100. The sensor can be easily adapted to various application requirements and it is extremely service friendly and durable.



- ① Process connection PG 13.5
- ② Glass shaft with built-in reference electrode and KCl gel filling
- ③ PTFE diaphragm
- ④ Measuring electrode: AH glass

**Highlights**

- Dirt repellent PTFE diaphragm for long time and reliable pH measurement
- Special reference systems for extended lifetime and wide application range
- Optional with integrated Pt100 for temperature compensation
- Various mounting assemblies for easy installation and reliable handling
- Suitable for connection to the MAC 100 signal converter

**Industries**

- Water and wastewater industry
- Power plants

**Applications**

- Monitoring of surface and waste water
- Cooling water control
- Boiler feed water control
- Process control
- Dosage of flocculation agents
- Oily and greasy media

## 1.2 Design and options

### MAC 100 Multiparameter signal converter for liquid analytical measurements



A complete measuring system consists of:

- MAC 100 Multiparameter signal converter
- 1 or 2 sensors
- Mounting assemblies

Up to two sensors (for identical or different parameters) can be connected to the signal converter.

The signal converter MAC 100 can be adapted perfectly for your requirements: you specify the number and type of signal inputs and outputs, you define the complexity of the measuring point and the number of parameters. The standardised user interface also speeds up commissioning of the device and opens access to a wide range of diagnostic functions for devices and processes.

### OPTISENS PH 8300



OPTISENS PH 8300

The OPTISENS PH 8300 sensor is manufactured using highly sensitive special glass which can be used in almost all standard water applications due to its robust sensor design. The sensor type OPTISENS PH 8300 with SixPlug is equipped with Pt100 built-in temperature sensor.



OPTISENS PH 8300 SixPlug

Sensor versions for measuring pH

- OPTISENS PH 8300 with DIN Coax connector
- OPTISENS PH 8300 with SixPlug connector and integrated temperature sensor Pt100

**Made to Fit**

Mounting assemblies SENSOFIT 1000/2000

As a complete provider for water analysis, we naturally offer a complete range of assemblies. In addition to immersion assemblies, there is also a range of flow-through assemblies and adapters for process connections in a wide range of materials. Special versions for special operating conditions are available on request.

For the OPTISENS PH 8300 sensor type the following individual assemblies are available:

- SENSOFIT FLOW 1000 flow-through holder
- SENSOFIT IMM 1000 immersion holder
- SENSOFIT INS 1000 insertion screw-in adapter
- SENSOFIT RET 1000/2000 retractable holder (in preparation)

For further information please consider the technical datasheets.

### 1.3 pH measurement

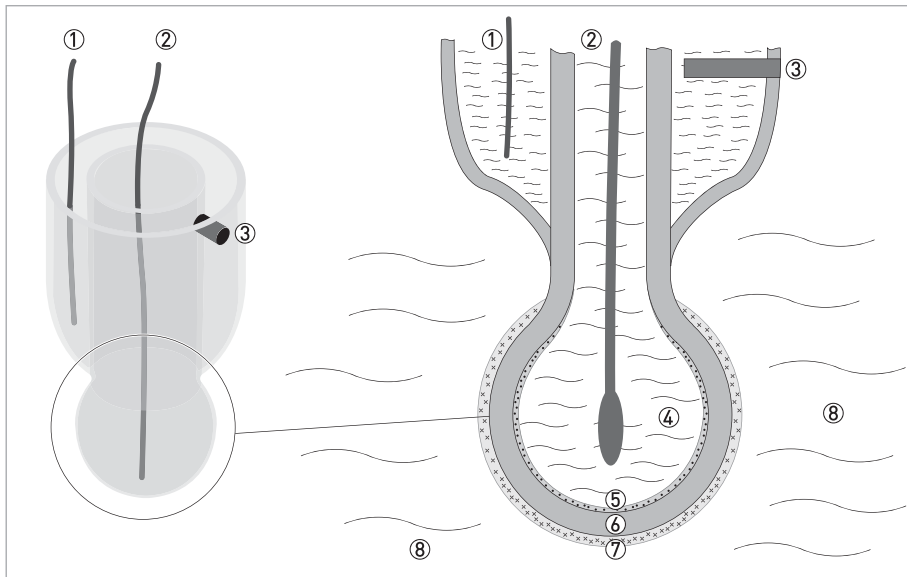


Figure 1-1: Measuring principle for pH measurement

- ① Reference electrode
- ② Measuring electrode
- ③ Diaphragm in contact with KCl solution and measuring medium
- ④ Inner pH 7 buffer solution
- ⑤ Surface potential on the inside (contact with buffer solution)
- ⑥ pH sensitive glass
- ⑦ Surface potential on the outside (contact with measuring medium)
- ⑧ Measuring medium

The measuring principle of a pH sensor is based on a pH sensitive glass. When the pH sensitive glass gets into contact with a liquid, a thin layer of hydrated gel develops on the surface, enabling an ion exchange between the glass surface and the liquid. The so-called Nernst potential builds up on the glass surface. If both sides of the glass are in contact with liquids, a voltage may be detected between the two surface potentials. The voltage correlates to the difference in  $H^+$  ion concentration and thus to the difference of pH values in both liquids.

The pH sensor contains an internal buffer solution with a known pH value. If the pH value of the measuring medium on the outside of the sensor is equal to the pH value of the inner buffer, the resulting voltage is 0 V.

If the pH value of the medium differs from the internal pH value, a voltage between the internal and the external layer can be measured. From the resulting voltage, the pH difference of the two liquids can be calculated.

The voltage is measured using a measuring electrode and a reference electrode; both are built into the sensor. The measuring electrode is in contact with the known buffer solution in the pH sensitive glass bulb. The reference electrode is immersed into a saturated solution of potassium chloride (KCl). The KCl solution itself is in electrical contact with the measuring medium by means of a diaphragm. The diaphragm prevents the measuring medium from penetrating into the reference system but still allows electrical contact with the measuring medium.

The voltage change of a pH sensor at 25°C / 77°F is around 59 mV for each pH unit. This is also called the slope of the pH sensor. The slope is temperature dependent and decreases over life time of the sensor.

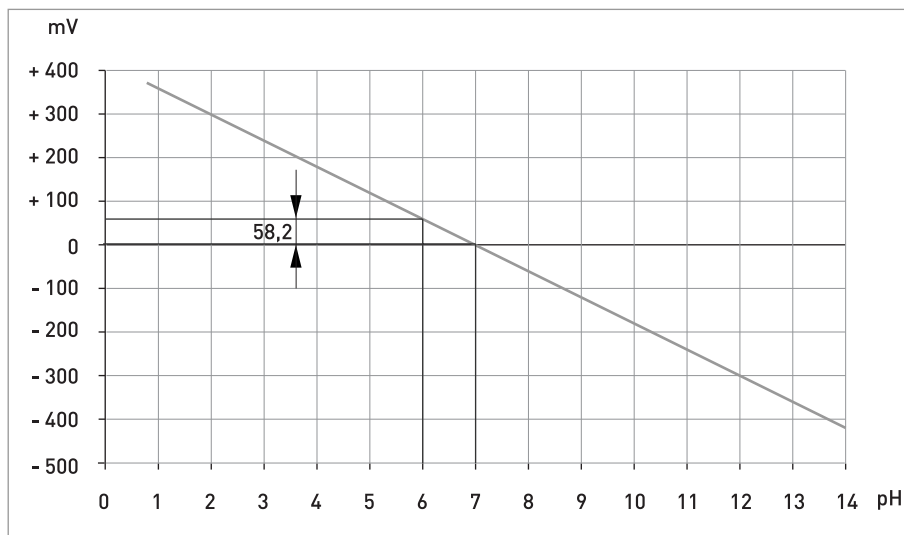


Figure 1-2: Optimal slope at 25°C / 77°F

To compensate for the temperature dependency of the pH measurement, the temperature of the medium can be measured and automatically compensated in the signal converter.

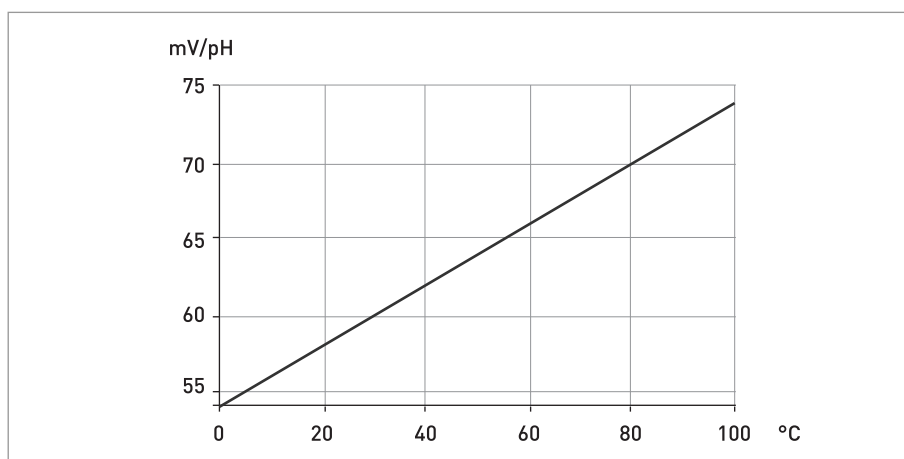


Figure 1-3: Temperature dependency of the slope



## 2.1 Technical data

- *The following data is provided for general applications. If you require data that is more relevant to your specific application, please contact us or your local sales office.*
- *Additional information (certificates, special tools, software,...) and complete product documentation can be downloaded free of charge from the website (Download Center).*

### Measuring system

Measuring principle	Potentiometric
Measuring range	0...14 pH

### Design

Construction	Glass sensor
Shaft diameter	12 mm / 0.47"
Length	120 mm / 4.72"
Process connection	PG 13.5
Temperature sensor	Pt100 optional
Sensor cap	S8 DIN Coax or SixPlug
Type of diaphragm	PTFE

### Measuring accuracy

Reference conditions	Medium: water
	Temperature: 20°C / 68°F
	Pressure: 1 bar / 14.5 psi (absolute)
Maximum measuring error	pH: 0.2% full scale
	Temperature: 1.0% full scale
Repeatability	0.2% full scale
Resolution	0.1 (or 0.01 in extended mode)
Long-term stability	24 hours: tested within accuracy definition
Temperature drift	Tested within accuracy definition
Cable length variation	Tested within accuracy definition

**Operating conditions**

Temperature range	-5...+70°C / +23...+158°F
Max. operating pressure	16 bar / 232 psi (absolute)
Minimum conductivity	> 150 µS/cm

**Installation conditions**

Process connection	PG 13.5
Immersion holder	SENSOFIT IMM 1000
Flow- through holder	SENSOFIT FLOW 1000
Insertion screw-in adapter	SENSOFIT INS 1000
Retractable holder	SENSOFIT RET 1000/2000 (in preparation)

**Materials**

Sensor shaft	Glass
Measuring electrode	AH Glass
Inner buffer	pH 7.0
Reference electrolyte	Ag/AgCl/TepoxGel
Diaphragm	PTFE
Gasket	EPDM

**Electrical connection**

Connector	S8 DIN Coax or SixPlug
Cable	Cable PH/ORP-W DIN Coax Cable PH/ORP-W SixPlug
Cable length	5 m / 16.4 ft or 10 m / 32.8 ft

*For further information contact your local sales office.*

## 2.2 Dimensions

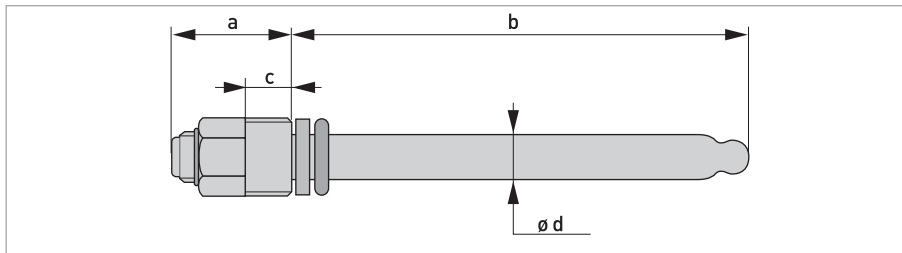


Figure 2-1: Dimensions without integrated Pt100

	Dimensions [mm]	Dimensions [inch]
a	31	1.2
b	120	4.7
c	12	0.5
d	Ø 12	Ø 0.5

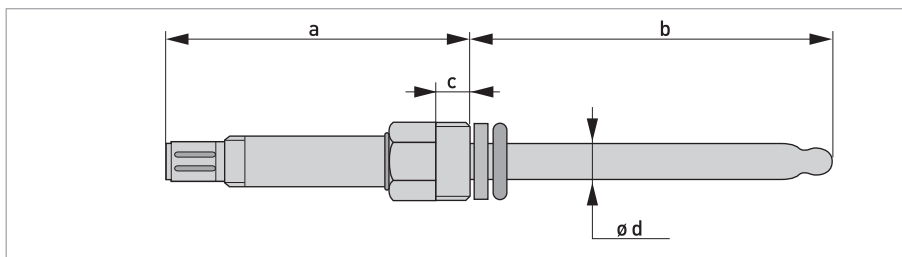


Figure 2-2: Dimensions with SixPlug and integrated Pt100

	Dimensions [mm]	Dimensions [inch]
a	52	2.0
b	120	4.7
c	12	0.5
d	Ø 12	Ø 0.5

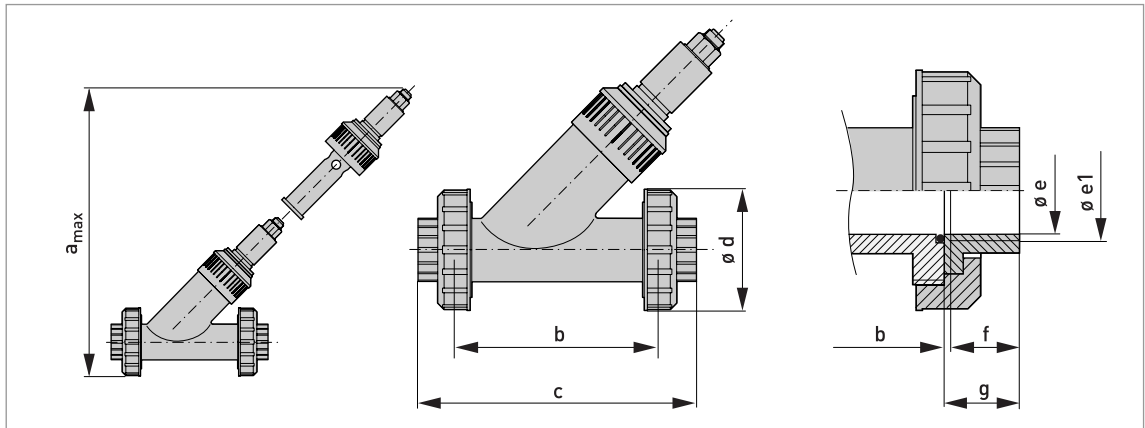


Figure 2-3: Dimensions SENSOFIT FLOW 1000

	Dimensions [mm]	Dimensions [inch]
a <sub>max</sub>	165	6.5
b	142.5	5.61
c	178.5	7.03
d	Ø 75	Ø 2.95
e	Ø 21	Ø 0.83
e1	G1	G1
f	19.1	0.75
g	22	0.87

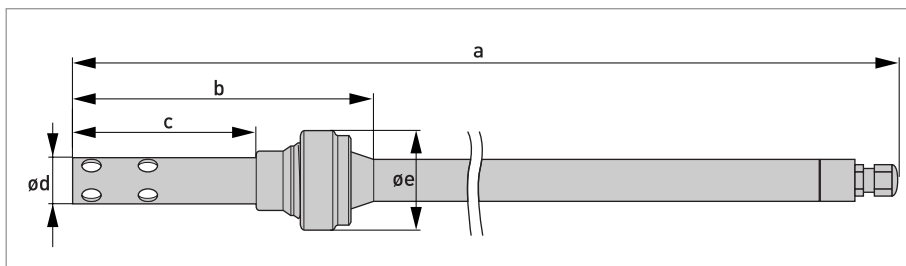


Figure 2-4: Dimensions SENSOFIT IMM 1000

	Dimensions [mm]	Dimensions [inch]
a	1030 (may be shortened)	40.55 (may be shortened)
b	160	6.3
c	100	3.94
d	Ø 25	Ø 0.98
e	Ø 59	Ø 2.32

## 2.3 Combination sensor/signal converter

Sensor type	Measured parameter	Measuring principle	Signal converter	
			Input A	Input B
pH	pH value	Potentiometric	X	X
ORP	ORP value	Potentiometric	X	X
Cl <sub>2</sub>	Free chlorine	Amperometric	X	-
ClO <sub>2</sub>	Chlorine dioxide	Amperometric	X	-
O <sub>3</sub>	Ozone	Amperometric	X	-
DO	Dissolved oxygen	Amperometric ①	X	-
		Optical ①	X	-
COND	Conductivity/ specified resistance	Conductive	X	X
IND	Toroidal conductivity	Inductive	X	X
TUR	Turbidity	Optical ①	X	-

① only for single channel version

### 3.1 Notes on installation

*Inspect the cartons carefully for damages or signs of rough handling. Report damage to the carrier and to the local office of the manufacturer.*

*Do a check of the packing list to make sure that you have all the elements given in the order.*

*Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.*

### 3.2 Intended use

*Responsibility for the use of the measuring devices with regard to suitability, intended use and corrosion resistance of the used materials against the measured fluid lies solely with the operator.*

*The manufacturer is not liable for any damage resulting from improper use or use for other than the intended purpose.*

The intended use of OPTISENS PH 8300 sensor is the measurement of pH value in water applications. The sensor is suitable for connection to the MAC 100 signal converter.

### 3.3 Pre-installation requirements

- *Never touch or scratch the pH sensitive glass tip of the sensor.*
- *Make sure that the glass tip is clean and dust-free. If necessary, clean the tip as described in the manual of the sensor.*

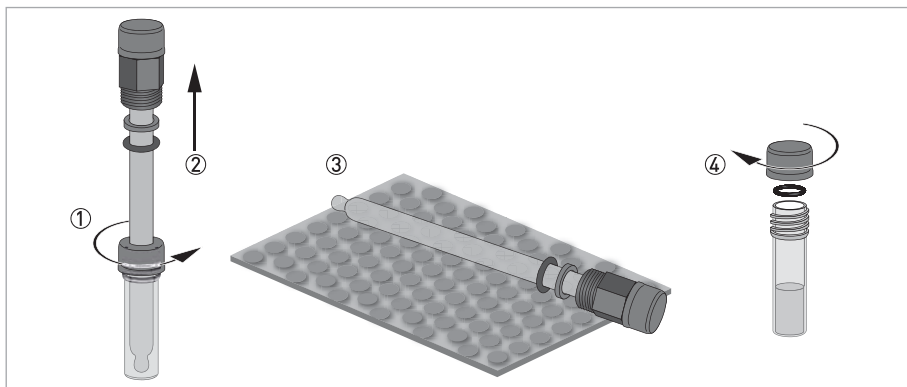


Figure 3-1: Handling the sensor

#### Unpacking the sensor

- Loosen the storage cap which is screwed or/and pushed on to the plastic tube ①.
- Gently pull the sensor out of the plastic tube ②.
- Lay the sensor on a soft mat/tissue ③.
- Screw or push the provided sealing cap on to the plastic tube, using O-ring as shown in the drawing ④. Keep the storage cap (the one with the hole in it) in the original packaging.

## 3.4 Installing the sensor

### 3.4.1 General installation instructions

The sensor tip must always have full contact with the measuring medium.

The mounting position of the sensor should not deviate more than 75° from vertical position (sensor tip pointing downwards). Doing otherwise might cause internal air bubbles to float into the sensor glass tip. This would interrupt the electrical contact between the inner buffer solution and the glass surface.

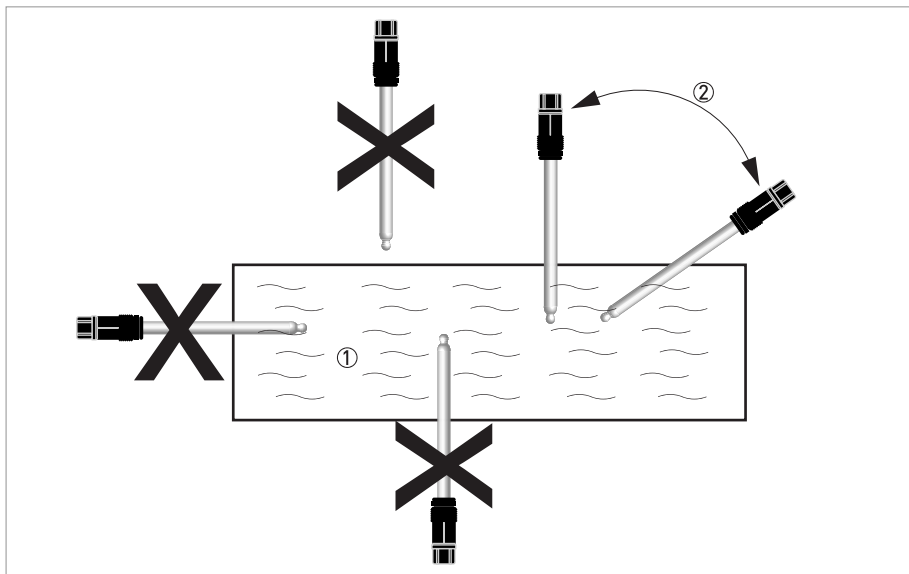


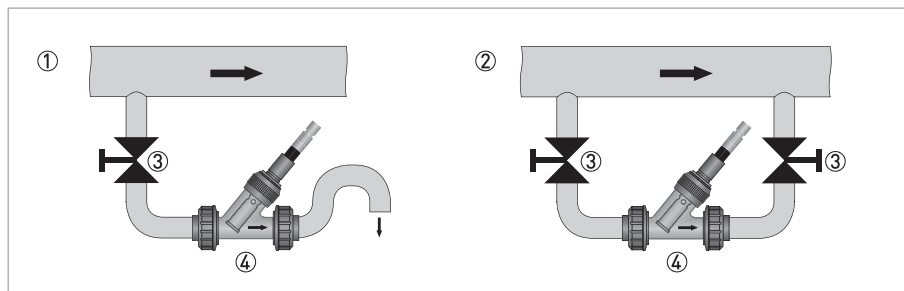
Figure 3-2: Installation requirements

- ① Measuring medium
- ② Maximum deviation of 75° from vertical position

### 3.4.2 Mounting to a flow-through holder

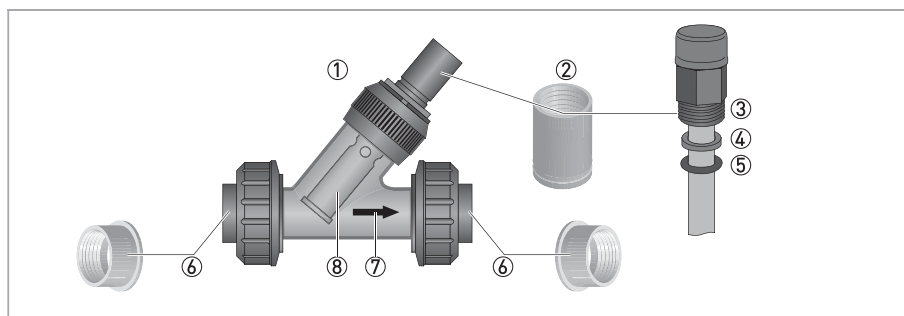
*Ensure that the pipe is without pressure before installing or removing a sensor!*

*The flow-through holder is an optional accessory and not part of the standard scope of delivery. It has to be installed horizontally in pump or sample lines or directly in the process.*



**Figure 3-3: Possible mounting positions of the flow-through holder**

- ① Mounting in an outlet pipe
- ② Mounting in a bypass pipe
- ③ Valve
- ④ Flow-through holder



**Figure 3-4: Installing the sensor into the flow-through holder**

- ① Flow-through holder
- ② Female thread
- ③ Sensor thread
- ④ Washer
- ⑤ O-ring
- ⑥ Process connection
- ⑦ Flow direction
- ⑧ Protective cage

#### Installing a new sensor

- Make sure that the O-ring ⑤ and the washer ④ on the sensor are assembled in the sequence indicated in the drawing.
- Screw the sensor into the female thread ② of the flow-through holder ①. Tighten the sensor by hand.
- If you have not yet established the electrical connection to the signal converter, leave the protective cap on the sensor until you establish the electrical connection.



### 3.5 Examples of a typical measuring point

The following examples each show the signal converter, a sensor with or without integrated temperature measurement, and the flow-through or immersion holder.

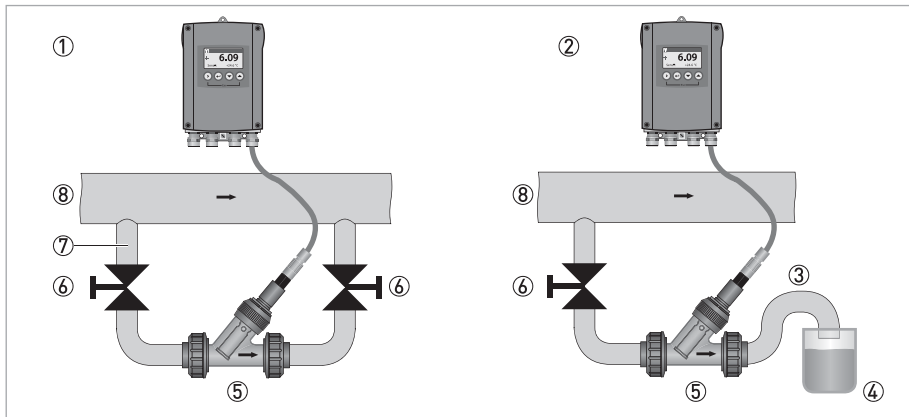


Figure 3-5: Measuring point using the flow-through holder

- ① Bypass measurement
- ② Outlet measurement
- ③ Elbow pipe
- ④ Sample vial
- ⑤ Flow-through holder with sensor
- ⑥ Shut-off valve
- ⑦ Bypass pipe
- ⑧ Main pipe

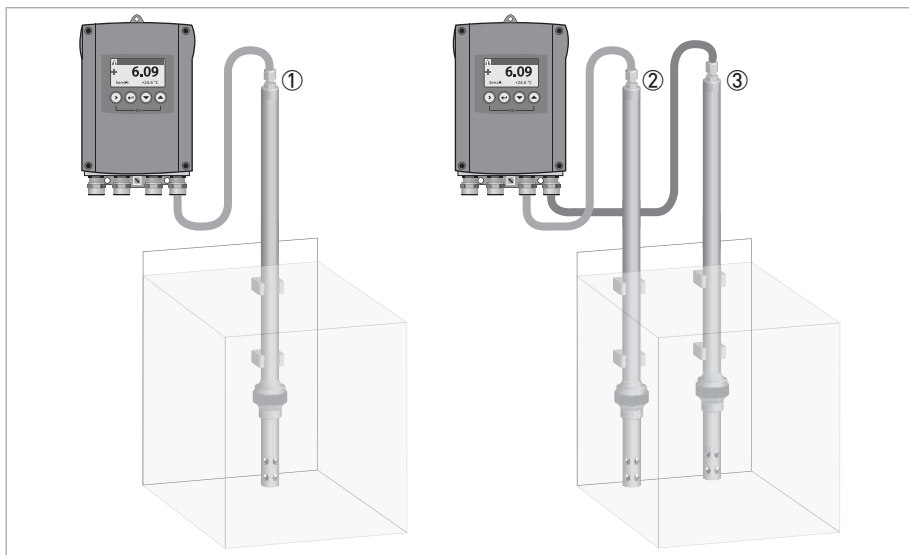


Figure 3-6: Measuring point using the immersion holder

- ① pH/ORP or pH/ORP + temperature
- ② pH or pH + temperature
- ③ ORP + temperature

## 4.1 Safety instructions

*All work on the electrical connections may only be carried out with the power disconnected. Take note of the voltage data on the nameplate!*

*Observe the national regulations for electrical installations!*

*Observe without fail the local occupational health and safety regulations. Any work done on the electrical components of the measuring device may only be carried out by properly trained specialists.*

*Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.*

## 4.2 Connecting the cable to the sensor

*Moisture inside the sensor connector must be avoided! Moisture will shortcut the mV signal between the electrodes and deliver erratic readings!*

*If moisture has entered the connector dry it with air (e.g. hair blower).*

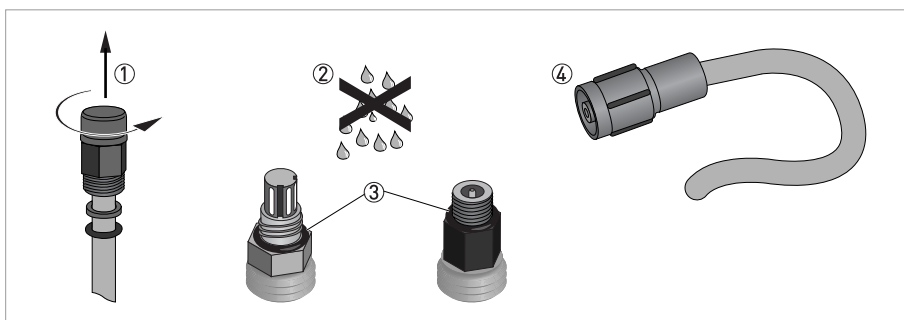


Figure 4-1: Connecting the cable to the sensor

### Connecting the cable to the sensor

- Unscrew the protective cap from the sensor connector and keep it for future use ①.
- Ensure that both cable and sensor connector are absolutely dry ②.
- Make sure that the O-ring is positioned on the sensor connector ③.
- Screw the cable connector ④ on to the sensor and tighten it by hand.

### 4.3 Connecting the sensor cable to the signal converter

All work on the electrical connections may only be carried out with the power disconnected. Take note of the voltage data on the nameplate!

Look at the device nameplate to ensure that the device is delivered according to your order. Check for the correct supply voltage printed on the nameplate.

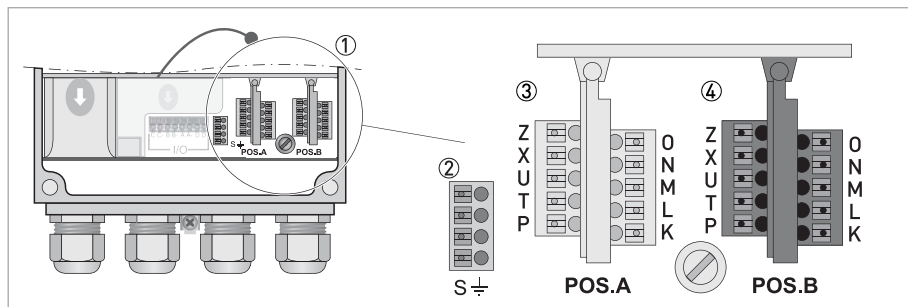


Figure 4-2: Sensor connection terminals on the signal converter dual channel version with terminal block A+B

- ① Sensor connection terminals
- ② Terminal block S (protective earth)
- ③ Terminal block A: terminals for sensor and temperature
- ④ Terminal block B: terminals for sensor and temperature

The pH sensors are available with or without integrated Pt100 temperature sensor. The pH sensors without integrated Pt100 temperature sensor are connected to the signal converter using a coax cable. The pH sensors with integrated temperature sensor use a SixPlug cable.

When ordering the one channel version, only the interface "Pos.A" is populated. In the version with two channels the interfaces "Pos.A" and "Pos.B" are populated.

Wire	Terminal block Pos.A/B
<b>OPTISENS PH 8300 with coax cable (without integrated Pt100/1000)</b>	
Coax shield (red)	N (ref.)
Coax core (transparent)	O (pH/ORP)
<b>OPTISENS PH 8300 with SixPlug cable (with integrated Pt100/1000)</b>	
Inner coax shield (transparent, core end: grey)	N (ref.)
Coax core (transparent, core end: red)	O (pH)
Sense (3-wire connection Pt100/Pt1000)	U
Pt100 (white)	P
Pt100 (green)	X
Outer shield (green-yellow)	S

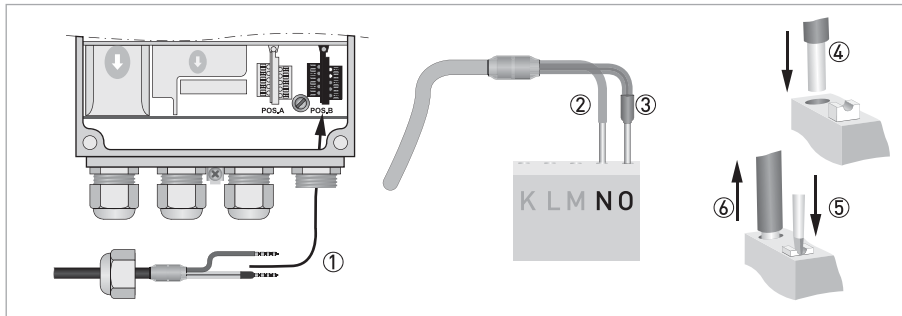


Figure 4-3: Connecting the sensor cable

The following instructions describe the connection of the different sensor cables.

#### Connecting the sensor cable to the signal converter

- Thread the sensor cable through the outer right cable gland ①.
- Push the coax shield ④ into terminal N ② and the coax core into terminal O ③.
- To remove a cable, press down the white clip ⑤ on the corresponding terminal and pull the cable out ⑥.

### 4.4 Connecting the external temperature sensor

Connect an external Pt100 or Pt1000 sensor to terminal block Pos.A/B of the signal converter according to the following drawings:

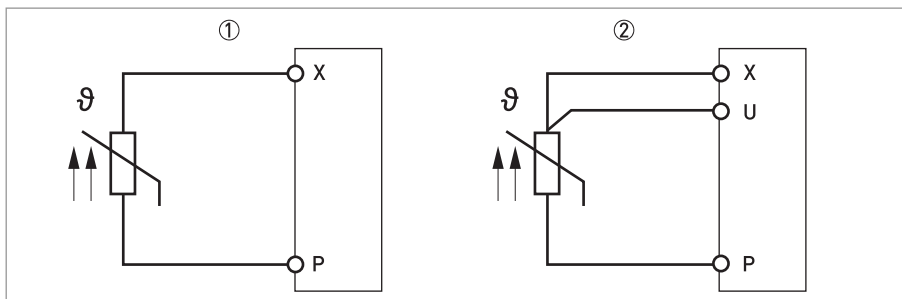


Figure 4-4: Connection of an external Pt100/1000 temperature sensor to the signal converter

- ① 2-wire connection
- ② 3-wire connection

## 5.1 Order code

The characters of the order code highlighted in light grey describe the standard.

VGA P	4	<b>Sensor type</b>	
	3	OPTISENS PH 8300	
		<b>Measuring range</b>	
	1	0... 14 pH	
		<b>Diaphragm</b>	
	3	PTFE	
		<b>Reference</b>	
	1	Ag/AgCl/Gel	
		<b>Body material</b>	
	1	Glass	
		<b>Glass</b>	
	1	AH-Glass	
		<b>Process conditions</b>	
	3	-5...+70°C / +23...+158°F, 16 bar / 232 psi	
		<b>Process connection</b>	
	1	PG 13.5 mounting kit	
		<b>Insertion length</b>	
	3	120 mm / 4.7"	
		<b>Sensor features</b>	
	3	Annular gap PTFE diaphragm	
		<b>Sensor option</b>	
	1	without Pt100	
	2	incl. Pt100	
		<b>Connector type</b>	
	1	DIN Coax	
	3	SixPlug (for Pt100 version)	
		<b>Documentation</b>	
	0	none	
	1	English	
	2	German	
	3	French	
	4	Spanish	
VGA P	4		

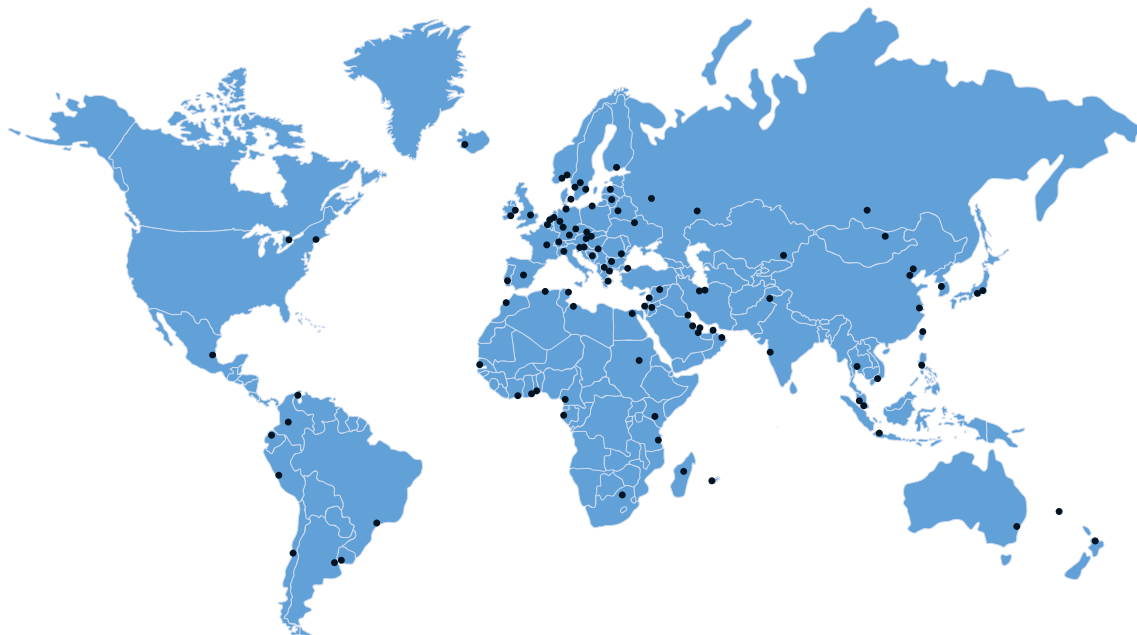
## 5.2 Spare parts, consumables and accessories

Spare parts	Order code
OPTISENS PH 8300 with DIN Coax connector	VGA P 4 3131113133110
OPTISENS PH 8300 with SixPlug connector and integrated temperature sensor Pt100	VGA P 4 3131113133230

Consumables	Order code
250 ml pH buffer solutions pH4	XGA S 010020
250 ml pH buffer solutions pH7	XGA S 010030

Accessories	Order code
SENSOFIT FLOW 1000 flow-through holder	Please see technical datasheet SENSOFIT FLOW 1000 (in preparation)
SENSOFIT IMM 1000 immersion holder	Please see technical datasheet SENSOFIT IMM 1000 (in preparation)
SENSOFIT INS 1000 insertion screw-in adapter	Please see technical datasheet SENSOFIT INS 1000 (in preparation)
SENSOFIT RET 1000/2000 retractable holder (in preparation)	Please see technical datasheet SENSOFIT RET 1000/2000 (in preparation)
Cable PH/ORP-W Sensor Coax 5 m / 16.5 ft	XGA W 0 11151
Cable PH/ORP-W Sensor Coax 10 m / 33 ft	XGA W 0 11161
Cable PH/ORP-W Sensor SixPlug with temp. wire 5 m / 16.5 ft	XGA W 0 13251
Cable PH/ORP-W Sensor SixPlug with temp. wire 10 m / 33 ft	XGA W 0 13261





### KROHNE product overview

- Electromagnetic flowmeters
- Variable area flowmeters
- Ultrasonic flowmeters
- Mass flowmeters
- Vortex flowmeters
- Flow controllers
- Level meters
- Temperature meters
- Pressure meters
- Analysis products
- Products and systems for the oil & gas industry
- Measuring systems for the marine industry

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